

Tulare County  
Office of Education

*Jim Vidak, County Superintendent of Schools*

Using SBAC Tools to  
Support Powerful Instruction

# SBAC Math Handout



# Grade 11

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# High School SBAC Assessment

Course			Suggested Course	Claim 1: Concepts and Procedures 19-22 Total Questions -At least 7 CAT items will be DOK 2 or higher	Claim 2: Problem Solving	Claim 4: Modeling and Data Analysis	Claim 3: Communicating Reasoning	
1	2	3			8-10 Total Questions -At least 2 CAT items will be DOK 3 or higher -80% of Claim 2 & 4 comes from Standards below		8-10 Questions -At least 2 CAT items will be DOK 3 or higher. -80% of Claim 3 comes from standards below.	
			2	<b>Target A (Supporting)</b> <b>N-RN.A</b> Extend the properties of exponents to rational exponents <i>N-RN.1, 2</i>	1		N-RN.A	
			2			<b>Target B (Supporting)</b> <b>N-RN.B</b> Use properties of rational and irrational numbers <i>N-RN.3</i>		N-RN.B N-RN.3
			1	<b>Target C (Supporting)</b> <b>N-Q.A</b> Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems. <i>N-Q.1</i>	1	N-Q.A	N-Q.A	
			2, 3	<b>Target D (Priority)</b> <b>A-SSE.A</b> Interpret the structure of expressions <i>A-SSE.2</i>	2	A-SSE.A	A-SSE.2	
			2			<b>Target E (Priority)</b> <b>A-SSE.B</b> Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems. <i>A-SSE.3a,b,c</i>	A-SSE.B	A-SSE.B
			2, 3	<b>Target F (Priority)</b> <b>A-APR.A</b> Perform arithmetic operations on polynomials <i>A-APR.1</i>	1		A-APR.1	
			3					A-APR.B (2-3)
			3					A-APR.C.4
			3					A-APR.D.6
			1, 2, 3	<b>Target G (Priority)</b> <b>A-CED.A</b> Create equations that describe numbers or relationships. <i>A-CED.1,2</i>	4-5	A-CED.A	A-CED.A	
			1, 3			<b>Target H (Priority)</b> <b>A-REI.A</b> Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. <i>A-REI.2</i>	A-REI.2	A-REI.A A-REI.1 A-REI.2
			1, 2			<b>Target I (Priority)</b> <b>A-REI.B</b> Solve equations and inequalities in one variable <i>A-REI.3, 4a,b</i>	A-REI.B	A-REI.B
			1, 2			A-REI.C (5-9)	A-REI.C (5-9) A-REI.C (5-9)	

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1	2	3					
			1, 3	<b>Target J (Priority)</b> <b>A-REI.D</b> Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically. A-REI.10,11,12	2	A-REI.D	A-REI.10 A-REI.11
			1	<b>Target K (Priority)</b> <b>F-IF.A</b> Understand the concept of a function and use function notation. F-IF.1,3	2	F-IF.A	F-IF.1
			1, 2, 3	<b>Target L (Priority)</b> <b>F-IF.B</b> Interpret functions that arise in application in terms of a context. F-IF.4,5,6	3-4	F-IF.B	F-IF.B F-IF.5
			1, 2, 3	<b>Target M (Priority)</b> <b>F-IF.C</b> Analyze functions using different representations. F-IF.7a,b,c,e; 8a,b; 9		F-IF.C	F-IF.C F-IF.9
			1, 2	<b>Target N (Priority)</b> <b>F-BF.A</b> Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities. F-BF.1,1a,2		F-BF.A	F-BF.A
			1, 2, 3				F-BF.B.3, 4
			1, 2, 3			F-LE.A (1-4)	
			1			F-LE.B (5)	
			3				F-TF.A.1, 2
			3			F-TF.B.5	
			2				F-TF.C.8
			1				G-CO.A (1-5)
			1				G-CO.B (6-8)
			2				G-CO.C. 9, 10, 11
			2				G-SRT.A (1-3)
			2				G-SRT.B (4-5)
			2	<b>Target O (Supporting)</b> <b>G-SRT.C</b> Define trigonometric ratios and solve problems involving right triangles. G-SRT.6,7,8	2	G-SRT.C	
			2			G-GMD.A.3	
			3			G-MG.A (1-3)	

## High School SBAC Assessment

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			1	<b>Target P (Supporting)</b> <i>S-ID.A Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable.</i> <i>S-ID.1,2,3</i>	1-2	S-ID.A	
			1			S-ID.B (5-6)	
			1		S-ID.C (7-9)		
			3			S-IC.A.1	
			3			S-IC.B (3-6)	
			2		S-CP.A (1-5)		

	Item	Claim (circle one)																				
A	<p>The relationship between Jack’s distance from home and the time since he left home is linear, as shown in the table.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Time (hrs)</th> <th>Distance (mi)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>7.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>17.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>27.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Based on the values in the table, determine whether each statement is true. Select True or False for each statement.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Statement</th> <th>True</th> <th>False</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Jack’s initial distance from home is 7.5 miles.</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jack’s distance increases by 5 miles every 1 hour.</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jack’s distance from home at 3 hours is 23.5 miles.</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Time (hrs)	Distance (mi)	0	7.5	2	17.5	4	27.5	Statement	True	False	Jack’s initial distance from home is 7.5 miles.			Jack’s distance increases by 5 miles every 1 hour.			Jack’s distance from home at 3 hours is 23.5 miles.			1 2 3 4
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B	<p><b>Example Stem 1:</b> A clerk earns \$125 per day, plus a commission equal to 10% of her sales, <math>s</math>. The clerk earns less than \$180 on Monday.</p> <p>Enter an inequality that represents all possible values for the clerk’s sales, <math>s</math>, on Monday.</p>	1 2 3 4																				
C	<p>Melissa drew a right triangle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The length of the hypotenuse is <math>\sqrt{130}</math> units.</li> <li>The perimeter is <math>14 + \sqrt{130}</math> units.</li> </ul> <p>Find the other two side lengths of Melissa’s triangle. Enter one side length into each response box.</p>	1 2 3 4																				
D	<p>The equation of a circle in the coordinate plane with center (0, 0) and radius 5 is shown:</p> $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ <p>Fill in the table to show an example of two ordered pairs that show this equation does <b>not</b> define <math>y</math> as a function of <math>x</math>.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th><math>x</math></th> <th><math>y</math></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	$x$	$y$					1 2 3 4														
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# Mathematics

<b>Item</b>	<b>DOK</b> <b>Circle one</b>	<b>Comments</b>
#1	1 2 3 4	
#2	1 2 3 4	
#3	1 2 3 4	
#4	1 2 3 4	
#5	1 2 3 4	
#6	1 2 3 4	
#7	1 2 3 4	
#8	1 2 3 4	

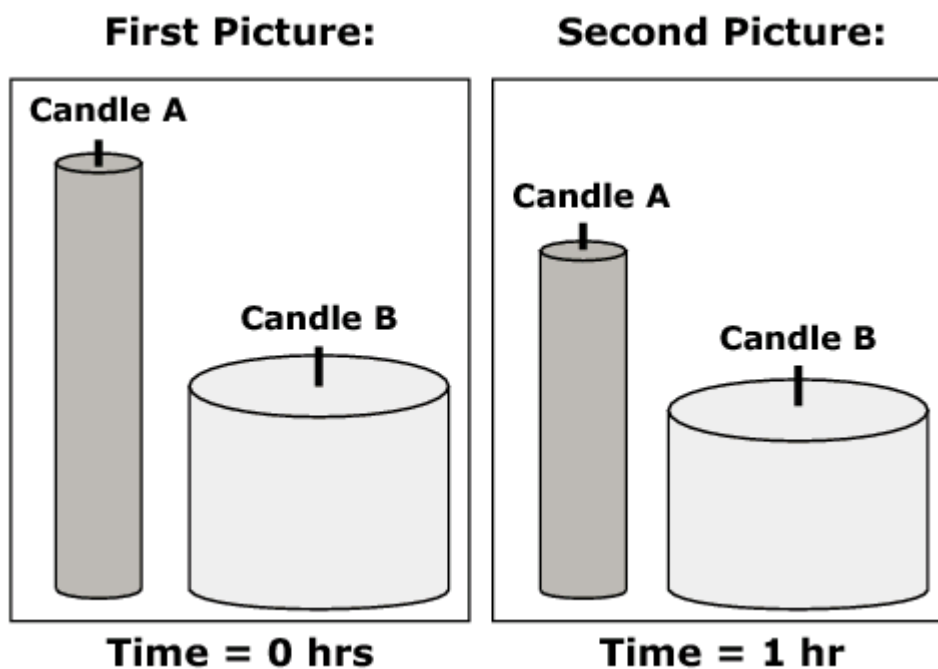
# High School Mathematics

## Lights, Candles, Action! Performance Task

### Lights, Candles, Action!

Your friend Abbie is making a movie. She is filming a fancy dinner scene and she has two types of candles on the table. She wants to determine how long the candles will last.

She takes a picture, lights the candles, and then lets them burn for 1 hour. She then takes a second picture. You can assume that each candle burns at its own constant rate.



Candle Type A initial height = 20 cm  
Candle Type B initial height = 10 cm

Candle Type A height after burning for 1 hour = 16 cm  
Candle Type B height after burning for 1 hour = 9 cm

You will use this information to help Abbie think about the candles she might use for her film.



# High School Mathematics

## *Lights, Candles, Action!* Performance Task

1

Candles A and B are lit at the same time. What will be the height, in cm, of each candle after 3 hours of burning?

Candle Type A:

Candle Type B:

2

Candles of each type were lit at the same time. Abbie thinks that since Candle Type A burns more quickly than Candle Type B, that it will burn out (have a height of 0 cm) first.

Julie thinks that since Candle Type B starts out much shorter than Candle Type A, it will be the candle to burn out first.

Which candle will burn out first? Give a mathematical explanation to convince Abbie and Julie of your solution. Clearly identify the quantities involved.

3

Abbie has 3 hours left to film. She lights a **new** Candle Type A and Candle Type B and then starts filming.

In the 3 hours she has left, will Abbie capture the moment when the candles are exactly the same height?

Explain to Abbie how you can determine the answer.

# High School Mathematics

## *Lights, Candles, Action!* Performance Task

4

You have decided to use functions to help Abbie think about the candles.

You show her how to represent the height of a candle,  $h$ , as a function of time,  $t$ , using this equation:

$$h = k + nt$$

First, explain to Abbie what  $k$  and  $n$  represent in order to model the different candles. Be specific in your explanation.

5

Now, choose either Candle A or Candle B to create an equation that will tell Abbie the height of the candle at  $t$  hours after it is lit.

Determine what the numerical values for  $k$  and  $n$  should be for the candle you chose.

Using these  $k$  and  $n$  values, write an equation that tells Abbie the height  $h$  of the candle, in cm, at  $t$  hours after it is lit.

# High School Mathematics

## *Lights, Candles, Action!* Performance Task

6

For her next film, Abbie wants candles that will burn for exactly 8 hours. You want to give her a choice by designing two different candles (Type C and Type D).

Using the equation  $h = k + nt$ , determine two different pairs of values for  $k$  and  $n$  that will meet the requirement to burn down to a height of 0 cm in exactly 8 hours.

Complete the table to show two possible sets of values for  $k$  and  $n$  for your new candle designs.

	$k$	$n$
Candle Type C		
Candle Type D		

## Mathematics Interim Assessment Blocks

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
Operations and Algebraic Thinking	Operations and Algebraic Thinking	Operations and Algebraic Thinking
Number and Operations – Fractions	Number and Operations – Fractions	Number and Operations – Fractions
Measurement and Data	Measurement and Data	Measurement and Data
Number and Operations in Base Ten	Number and Operations in Base Ten	Number and Operations in Base Ten
Geometry*	Geometry	Geometry
Mathematics Performance Task	Mathematics Performance Task	Mathematics Performance Task

Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Ratios and Proportional Relationships	Ratio and Proportional Relationships	Expressions & Equations I
The Number System	The Number System	Expressions & Equations II (with Prob/Stat)
Expressions and Equations	Expressions and Equations	The Number System*
Geometry	Geometry	Functions
Statistics and Probability	Statistics and Probability	Geometry
Mathematics Performance Task	Mathematics Performance Task	Mathematics Performance Task

High School	
Algebra and Functions I - Linear Functions, Equations, and Inequalities	Geometry Congruence*
Algebra and Functions II - Quadratic Functions, Equations, and Inequalities	Geometry Measurement and Modeling*
Geometry and Right Triangle Trigonometry	Interpreting Functions*
Statistics and Probability	Number and Quantity*
Seeing Structure in Expressions/Polynomial Expressions*	Mathematics Performance Task

\* IAB is new for 2017–18